

2022 Election Integrity Bills

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All legislation listed *as introduced* and may not reflect amendments or any changes. (Updated: Feb 7, 2022)

Bills and Resolutions Introduced to the State Senate:

SB 1820 – Require notaries to submit copy of receipt book – Dahm

SB 1805 – Perforated ballots, numbered, online reviewable by voter – Dahm

SB 1690 – Audit 3 largest, 3 smallest, 3 random counties – Dahm

SB 1748 – Require reason for Absentee vote – Dahm

SB 1570 – Absentee voting requirements and procedures – Hamilton

SJR 47 – Constitutional amendment requiring post-election audits – Hamilton

Bills and Resolutions Introduced to the State House:

HB 3677 – Reregistration of voter rolls; Voter registration requirements – Roberts

PRESS RELEASE - <https://oksenate.gov/press-releases/sen-dahm-files-election-integrity-bills>

January 21, 2022 | 12:50pm

Sen. Dahm files election integrity bills

OKLAHOMA CITY – On Thursday, Sen. Nathan Dahm, R-Broken Arrow, filed four election integrity bills.

“Elections are the easiest vehicle for citizens to express their will,” Dahm said. “That means that election integrity is of the utmost importance. There are questions and concerns with the integrity of the November 2020 elections. These bills seek to alleviate those questions and concerns.”

Senate Bill 1820 would require every notary to submit a copy of their receipt book for the 90 days preceding the election. Copies must be provided within 30 days of the election.

“Mail-in ballots were a source of contention in the 2020 election,” Dahm said. “In addition, the parameters that we have in place to prevent fraud are sorely lacking. This bill would create an easy way to verify those mail-in or absentee ballots.”

SB 1805 would create a system of perforated ballots that would allow voters to tear off a numbered section of their ballot to review online later. All ballots would be accessible to the public, but each individual would only be able to match their identifier with their ballot.

“This enables citizens to validate that their ballot was counted exactly as they filled it out,” Dahm said. “Additionally, it provides much-needed transparency to the election process. Anyone can access the ballots online to verify that official vote tallies match the published ballots.”

SB 1690 calls for a forensic audit of the 2020 election. Nine counties would be audited: the three most populous counties, the three least populous counties, and three randomly selected counties.

“There are serious doubts about the integrity of the 2020 election,” Dahm said. “This audit will verify those results to ensure our electoral process has not been undermined. Elections should be vetted to the highest degree to ensure that the will of the people is not distorted.”

SB 1748 would specify valid reasons that individuals may ask for an absentee ballot.

“Election laws in Oklahoma should make it easy to vote, but hard to cheat,” Dahm said. “And absentee ballots should be limited to those individuals who physically cannot make it to the ballot box.”

If passed, each bill would be implemented prior to the November 2022 elections.

“The citizens of Oklahoma deserve to express their undistorted will at the ballot box,” Dahm said. “These bills will ensure that happens by making Oklahoma elections cleaner and less conducive to fraud.”

-END-

For more information, contact: Sen. Nathan Dahm, 405-521-5551 or Nathan.Dahm@oksenate.gov.

SB 1820

Req. No. 3149

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE BILL 1820 By: Dahm

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to elections; creating the Election Notary Accountability Act; providing short title; requiring notary public to submit copy of receipt book to county election board within certain time frame; establishing misdemeanor offense; imposing certain fine; subjecting notaries public to investigation for election fraud under certain circumstances; requiring certain referral to district attorney; providing for codification; and providing effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-108.2 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. This act shall be known and may be cited as the “Election Notary Accountability Act”.

B. On or after the effective date of this act, within thirty (30) days after an election, each notary public shall submit a copy of his or her notary receipt book covering the ninety (90) days preceding the election to the county election board of the notary’s residency for verification of the number of ballots notarized by the

notary public. A notary public who does not comply with the requirements of this section shall be, upon conviction, guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per instance.

C. A notary public who intentionally provides a false copy of the notary receipt book shall be subject to prosecution for election fraud. If the county election board determines that a notary has notarized more than the authorized number of ballots or violated any other provision of this act, the board shall notify the district attorney who shall investigate any possible criminal violation.

SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.

58-2-3149 TEK 1/20/2022 7:54:36 PM

SB 1805

Req. No. 3150

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE BILL 1805 By: Dahm

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to elections; requiring State Election Board to update certain system; establishing requirements for ballots; requiring ballots to be digitized and made available to the public; requiring promulgation of rules; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6-121 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

By the effective date of this act, the State Election Board shall update the system used for ballots for elections in Oklahoma to meet the following requirements:

1. All ballots shall have a unique identifier number or code printed in at least two locations on the ballot;
2. All ballots shall have a perforated section that includes the unique identifier number or code where the voter can tear off that portion of the ballot to keep as a method to identify his or her ballot;
3. Ballots shall be digitized and made available to the general public within thirty (30) days of each election to include the following requirements:
 - a. all ballots shall be digitized and uploaded to a publicly accessible website where the public can

scroll through and view all ballots,
b. all digitized ballots shall be searchable by the ballot unique identifier number or code,
c. all digitized ballots shall be maintained and searchable on the publicly accessible website for at least two (2) years after the election,
d. all digitized ballot search options may be limited to the county or precinct level in order to maintain smaller file sizes on the publicly accessible website;
4. The Secretary of the State Election Board shall promulgate rules for the implementation of this section.

SECTION 2. This act shall become effective January 1, 2023.

58-2-3150 TEK 1/20/2022 7:52:59 PM

SB 1690

Req. No. 2414

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE BILL 1690 By: Dahm

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to election audits; creating the Post-Election Forensic Audit Act of 2022; providing short title; requiring appointment of independent third party to conduct forensic audit of the November 2020 election in designated counties; establishing deadlines for certain appointment and completion of audits; requiring submission of certain report; designating potential funding sources for conducting audit; providing for codification; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 3-130.1 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Post-Election Forensic Audit Act of 2022".

B. The Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint an independent third party to conduct a forensic audit of the general election that took place on November 3, 2020. Such independent third party shall be appointed no later than thirty (30) days after the effective date of this act.

C. The independent third party appointed under subsection B of

this section shall complete an audit for every precinct in:

1. The three most populous counties as determined by the 2020 federal decennial census;
2. The three least populous counties as determined by the 2020 federal decennial census; and
3. Three counties randomly selected by the independent third party.

D. Audits required by this section shall be completed no later than ninety (90) days after the date of the appointment of the independent third party. Upon completion, the independent third party shall submit a report to the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives that identifies and details any anomaly or discrepancy in voter data, ballot data, or tabulation.

E. Funding required to complete the requirements of this section shall be appropriated by the Legislature from funds available from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) or the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA).

SECTION 2. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

58-2-2414 TEK 1/20/2022 5:43:08 PM

SB 1748

Req. No. 3228

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE BILL 1748 By: Dahm

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to absentee ballots; amending 26 O.S. 2021, Section 14-105, which relates to applications for ballot; requiring certain disclosure; providing list of allowable reasons; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 26 O.S. 2021, Section 14-105, is amended to read as follows:

Section 14-105. A. Any registered voter may apply for an absentee ballot in person at the county election board, by United States mail, by telegraph, by facsimile device as defined in Section 1862 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes or by a means of electronic communication designated by the Secretary of the State

Election Board. The Secretary of the State Election Board shall prescribe a form to be used for the application, although any application setting forth substantially the same facts shall be valid.

B. The form to be used for the application, prescribed pursuant to subsection A of this section, shall contain a list of valid reasons for requesting the absentee ballot. To receive an absentee ballot, the voter must select one valid reason on the form. The valid reasons shall include:

1. Out of the jurisdiction;
2. Physical illness or physical disability;
3. Work related;
4. Education;
5. Military service;
6. Religion;
7. Election official;
8. Elderly;
9. Incarcerated or institutionalized;
10. Jury duty; and
11. Confidentiality program.

SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.
58-2-3228 BG 1/20/2022 6:24:01 PM

SB 1570

Req. No. 2805

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE BILL 1570 By: Hamilton

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to absentee voting; stating preferred method of voting; providing certain exceptions; providing procedures for requesting absentee ballots; authorizing issuance of absentee ballot under certain circumstances; requiring election officials to maintain certain list; specifying method of real time transmission and collection of certain ballot information; providing procedures for absentee ballot return information; prohibiting certain election official conduct regarding absentee ballot procedures; providing deadline of receipt of certain ballots; specifying method of counting, storing, and

examination of ballots; allowing certification of ballots under certain circumstances; requiring absentee ballots and envelopes to be equipped with watermarks and barcode or microchip; repealing 26 O.S. 2021, Sections 14-101, 14-102, 14-103, 14-104, 14-105, 14-106, 14-107, 14-108, 14-108.1, 14-110.1, 14-111.1, 14-112.1, 14-113.2, 14-115.4, 14-115.5, 14-115.7, 14-122, 14-123, 14-124, and 14-125; providing for codification; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-161 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. In-person voting is the preferred method of voting within this state and shall be utilized except as outlined in paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section.

B. Any qualified elector of this state may apply for and vote an absentee ballot if he or she makes application in writing not less than ten (10) days before Election Day, or in accordance with the U.S. Postal Service delivery standards for the state, and meets one or more of the following requirements:

1. The voter expects to be out of the jurisdiction on Election Day and on all early voting days; or
2. The voter has a disability preventing his or her attendance at the polls.

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-162 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. 1. A blank application to request an absentee ballot shall be sent to any qualified elector upon request and made available online, but no government official or entity shall send absentee ballot applications directly to any elector except upon the direct request of such elector, and no such application shall be prefilled with the elector's required information.

2. No person or entity other than the elector, a person assisting a physically disabled elector with his or her application, a common carrier charged with returning the ballot application, an election official, or a law enforcement official in the course of an investigation shall handle or return an elector's completed absentee ballot application.

3. The absentee ballot request form shall contain sufficient information to identify the applicant and shall include the applicant's name, residence address, and such other information as

is necessary to verify that the applicant is a registered voter.

4. Each application shall be manually signed by the applicant and, if he or she signs by mark, shall include the signature of a witness as well as the name, address, and telephone number of such witness.

5. No electronic signatures will be permitted for the purpose of requesting an absentee ballot.

6. Witnesses may not sign more than one absentee ballot request form per election unless doing so for an immediate family member. Immediate family members include:

- a. mother or father; stepmother or stepfather,
- b. spouse, child, stepchild, sibling, or stepsibling, or
- c. grandparent.

Violation of this provision will subject the witness to a civil penalty of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per offense.

7. The application may be handed by the applicant to an election official or forwarded by United States mail or by commercial carrier.

8. Voters requesting an absentee ballot shall submit with the application a copy of one of the forms of identification listed in subparagraphs a through g of this paragraph. An absentee ballot shall not be issued unless the required identification is submitted with the signed absentee ballot application.

All acceptable forms of photo identification should clearly note whether the voter is a citizen if the ID is issued to both citizens and noncitizens. Any alternative or exception to the following forms of identification including affidavits submitted as identification, are prohibited:

- a. driver license,
- b. state non-driver ID card,
- c. current (non-expired) U.S. passport,
- d. United States military ID,
- e. tribal government ID,
- f. ID issued by a state government, or
- g. college or university ID.

If an eligible voter has a state driver license or state non-driver ID card, in lieu of providing a photocopy of an ID, the applicant may provide the serial number of the driver license or non-driver ID card.

9. For those voters who cannot afford a government-issued ID, one shall be offered free of charge through a motor license agent upon proper application. For individuals with physical or other disabilities that prevent them from acquiring a government-issued ID, the state shall provide appropriate transportation from the

individual's place of residence to the office or motor license agent and back or shall provide such other assistance as is necessary to ensure that such individual receives a government-issued ID.

B. 1. Upon receipt of an application for an absentee ballot, if the applicant's name and identifying information appear on the list of qualified voters, the signature has been successfully compared to the signature on file, and the applicant has met the ID requirement, election officials shall furnish an absentee ballot to the applicant.

2. Election officials shall maintain a list of absentee ballots provided to registered voters for each election and shall include the date the application for the absentee ballot was received. This list shall be provided to the appropriate tabulator for absentee ballots within each precinct.

3. County election offices should scan and provide absentee mail ballots or early ballot information to state election authorities within twenty-four (24) hours of request, transmission, and return of all absentee or mail ballots.

4. The request for absentee mail ballot, transmission, or return receipt of absentee mail or early ballot information from locality or county election offices should be uploaded or transmitted to state election databases electronically and made available to political campaigns or the public for review.

5. The voter registration systems at the local and state level shall allow for real-time reporting of absentee mail ballot requests, transmittal and receipt of ballots, or the check-in of early voters.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-163 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. 1. Absentee ballot return envelopes must attach an affidavit signed by the voter. The affidavit shall contain the signature of a witness or a notary public or other official authorized to acknowledge oaths and meet the following as applicable:

a. if a voter chooses to submit a witness signature, the printed name, address, and telephone number of the witness shall be included,

b. witnesses shall not sign more than one absentee ballot per election, except as provided in subparagraph c of this paragraph, or

c. a witness may sign the absentee ballots of multiple immediate family members as provided in paragraph 6 of subsection A of Section 2 of this act.

2. Together with the absentee ballot and affidavit, absentee voters shall submit a copy of one valid form of identification or the serial number of a state driver's license or non-driver's ID. Absentee ballot return envelopes not complying with this ID requirement shall not be counted.

3. Affidavit envelopes not signed by the voter and properly witnessed or notarized shall not be opened or counted.

4. Each precinct shall provide a bipartisan team of election officials to assist individuals who are seeking to cast an absentee ballot from a hospital, nursing home, or other such facility or who, due to physical limitation or handicap, require assistance in returning an absentee ballot in the appropriate format.

B. If an absentee ballot request form or an absentee ballot sent to a registered elector is returned by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable, election officials shall investigate the voter's registration to determine the eligibility, qualifications, and validity of the voter's registration and registration address.

SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-164 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Under no circumstances shall election officials:

1. Maintain a permanent absentee ballot list for the purpose of automatically sending either ballot request forms or absentee ballots; and

2. Automatically mail either ballot request forms or absentee ballots to all registered voters.

B. Each individual who plans to vote absentee shall submit an absentee ballot request form for each election in which he or she wishes to vote.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-165 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Absentee ballots must be received by the time the polls close on Election Day.

B. Upon receipt of the absentee ballot by any means permitted herein, the election authority shall record its receipt and shall store the ballot safely and securely without breaking the seal of the affidavit envelope. The absentee ballot containers in the possession of the appropriate election authority shall remain sealed until such time as counting begins.

C. The counting of absentee ballots shall begin on the day of the election for which the absentee ballots have been submitted and only after the closing of the polls. Such counting shall continue uninterrupted until all ballots appropriately submitted have been

tabulated. Should extreme or unforeseen circumstances require suspension of the vote count, the appropriate election officials shall notify the public and the state's chief election official of the suspension, the reason for the suspension, and the exact time the vote count will resume as soon as possible.

D. Election officials shall examine each affidavit envelope to determine:

1. Whether the signature of the voter has been appropriately notarized or witnessed and any witness has provided a signature, printed name, address, and phone number;
2. Whether the identification requirement has been met; and
3. Whether the voter's signature on the absentee ballot matches the signature in the registration files. If signature comparison software is used, it must be set to an accuracy rate of at least ninety-five percent (95%).

No poll worker or other election official shall open an affidavit envelope if the voter's affidavit signature or mark is not properly notarized or witnessed as set forth in this act, and no ballot envelope or ballot therein may be removed or counted.

No poll worker or other election official shall open an affidavit envelope if the envelope indicates that the ballot is unverified or the affidavit printed thereon is unsigned by the voter or unmarked, and no ballot envelope or ballot therein may be removed or counted.

E. If all of these requirements have been complied with and the information in the affidavit establishes that the voter is entitled to vote by absentee ballot, the election officials shall then certify the findings, open each affidavit envelope, and deposit the plain envelope containing the absentee ballot into a sealed ballot box.

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-166 of Title 26, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Absentee ballots shall have a watermark on the ballot as well as a unique barcode or microchip within each absentee ballot to trigger an electronic or software notification that a ballot is being counted by a computer scanner and cannot be counted again. Such barcode or microchip shall not identify the voter who has used that absentee ballot.

B. All envelopes used to send voters blank absentee ballots as well as the envelopes provided to voters to mail back their completed absentee ballots shall also contain a unique barcode or microchip that can be used to track the progress of such ballot envelopes through the United States Postal Service.

SECTION 7. REPEALER 26 O.S. 2021, Sections 14-101, 14-102, 14-103, 14-104, 14-105, 14-106, 14-107, 14-108, 14-108.1, 14-110.1, 14-111.1, 14-112.1, 14-113.2, 14-115.4, 14-115.5, 14-115.7, 14-122, 14-123, 14-124, and 14-125, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 8. This act shall become effective July 1, 2022.

SECTION 9. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

58-2-2805 TEK 1/20/2022 11:32:25 AM

SJR 47

Req. No. 2806

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE JOINT

RESOLUTION 47 By: Hamilton

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the Secretary of State to refer to the people for their approval or rejection a proposed amendment to Section 4 of Article III of the Oklahoma Constitution; requiring post-election audits in certain counties; authorizing post-election audits in any county for good cause; authorizing the Legislature to enact laws for the method, timing and procedures of post-election audits; requiring audit reports to be available to the public; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 2ND SESSION OF THE 58TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The Secretary of State shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment to Section 4 of Article III of the Oklahoma Constitution to read as follows:

Section 4. A. The Legislature shall prescribe the time and manner of holding and conducting all elections, and enact such laws as may be necessary to detect and punish fraud in such elections. The Legislature may provide by law for the registration of electors throughout the state and, when it is so provided, no person shall vote at any election unless he shall have registered according to

law.

B. The Secretary of the State Election Board shall direct the secretary of a county election board to conduct a post-election audit of general election results for the purpose of maintaining the security of the election system by ensuring that voting devices and software used in a particular election correctly tabulated votes. Audits shall be conducted in ten randomly selected counties per general election. If a county is randomly selected to conduct a post-election audit, that county shall not be required to conduct another audit by random selection until all counties have been randomly selected to conduct audits. Any county may be required after any election to conduct a post-election audit for good cause.

C. The method, timing and procedures for conducting a post-election audit shall be determined by the Secretary of the State Election Board as directed by laws enacted by the Legislature. The secretary of a county election board shall report the findings of a post-election audit to the Secretary of the State Election Board, and such report shall be available to the public.

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of this resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. ____ State Question No. ____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends Section 4 of Article 3 of the Oklahoma Constitution. The measure will require post-election audits in 10 randomly selected counties after every general election to preserve the security of the election system. The measure allows audits in any county for good cause. The measure gives the Legislature the authority to enact laws about the method, timing, and procedures of post-election audits. The measure requires audit reports to be available to the public.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

FOR THE PROPOSAL — YES _____

AGAINST THE PROPOSAL — NO _____

SECTION 3. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall, immediately after the passage of this resolution, prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

58-2-2806 TEK 1/20/2022 6:29:31 PM

HB 3677

Req. No. 10000

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

HOUSE BILL 3677 By: Roberts (Sean)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to elections; amending 26 O.S. 2011, Section 4-102, which relates to voter registration; requiring reregistration to vote in certain elections; requiring certain information be provided to county election board; removing eligibility to vote in certain elections; defining term; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 26 O.S. 2011, Section 4-102, is amended to read as follows:

Section 4-102. A. No person shall be permitted to vote in any election conducted by any county election board unless such person is a registered voter, unless otherwise provided by law.

B. Effective December 31, 2023, to be eligible to vote in any state or federal election, all eligible voters shall be required to reregister to vote and provide the following information to the appropriate county election board:

1. Proof of United States citizenship;
2. Proof of current residence; and
3. The same information necessary to acquire a REAL ID pursuant to Section 6-101 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

C. Any voter failing to reregister pursuant to subsection B of this section, but meets the requirements set forth in the National Voter Registration Act of 1993, shall be placed on a Federal Election Only list, and shall not be eligible to vote in any state election.

D. As used in this section, "proof of United States citizenship" shall mean one of the following documents:

1. An original birth document issued by a state, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the District of Columbia, or a certified copy thereof;
2. An original birth certificate issued by the federal government, or a certified copy thereof;
3. An original United States Certificate of Birth Abroad;
4. An original Report of Birth Abroad of a Citizen of the United States;
5. An original Certificate of Citizenship (Form N-560 or N-561); or
6. An original Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550, N-570

or N-578) or a valid United States passport.

Copies of these documents shall be made by the appropriate county election board and kept available for public inspection pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act.

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SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.

58-2-10000 LRB 12/21/21